

## **PART I – RESIDENTS**

# 1. RESIDENTS

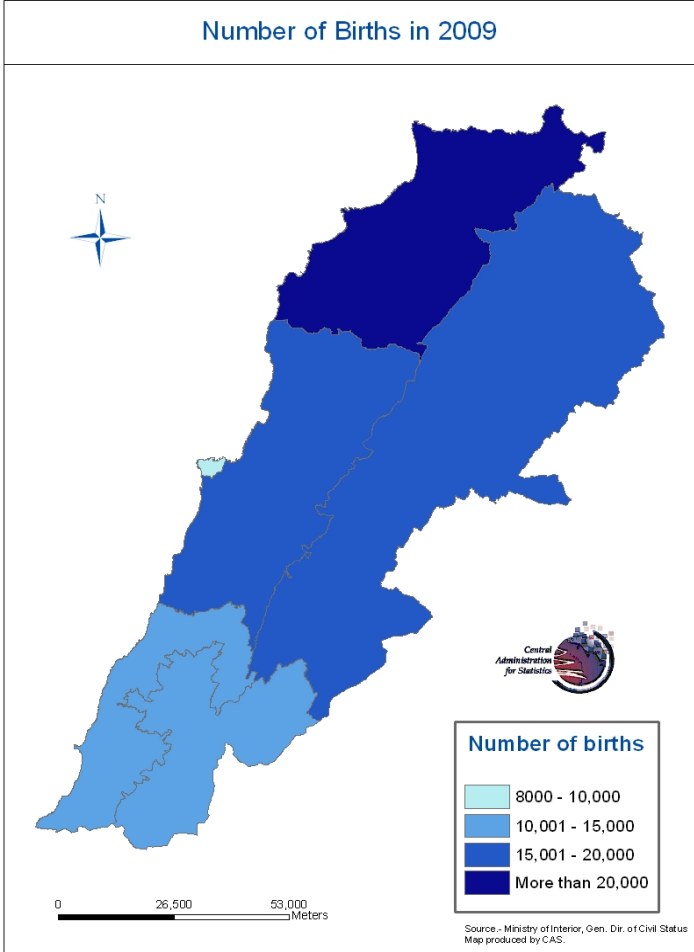
*Residents in Lebanon include vital statistics, work permits given to foreigners, and prisoners in Lebanon*

## Vital statistics - Births

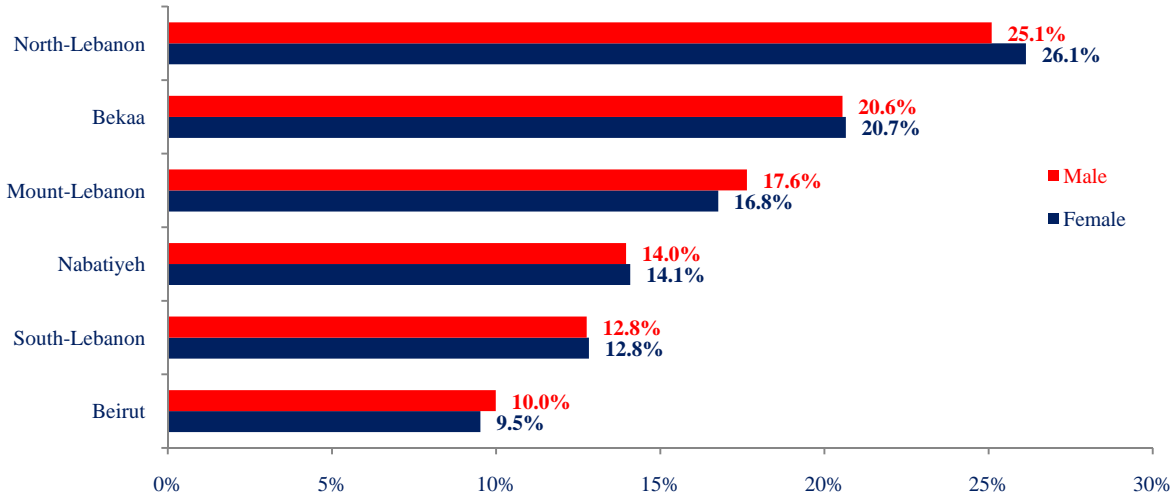
Over the 90,388 births in 2009:

- Females: 49.0% of all births.
- Peak month: October (9.9%).
- Peak Mohafazat: North Lebanon (25.6%).

*3,759,137 residents lived in Lebanon in 2007 in 888,814 primary residences. 50.6% of the residents are females.*



**Graph 1.1 – Births by Mohafazat. % in 2009**

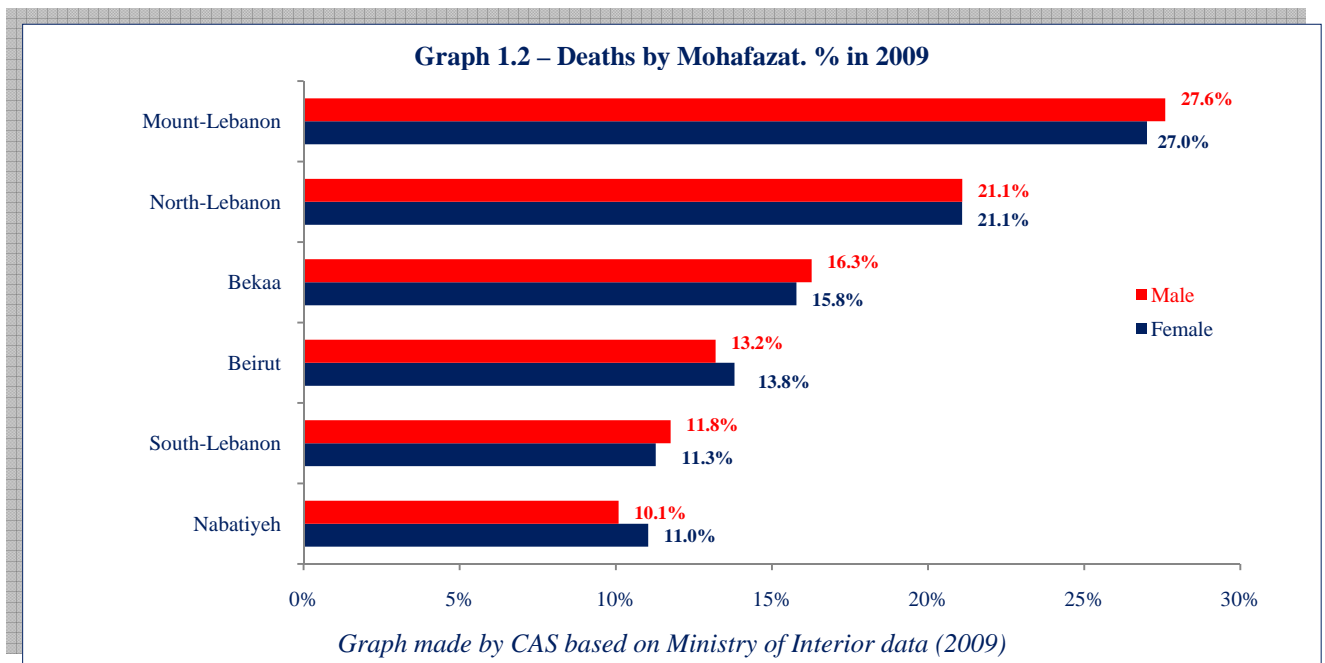
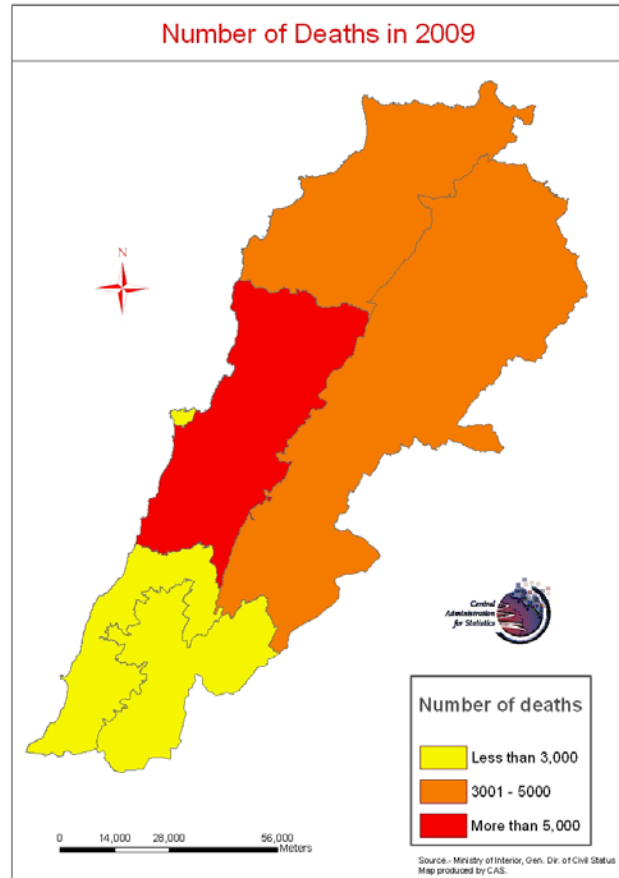


*Graph made by CAS based on Ministry of Interior data (2009)*

## Vital statistics - Deaths

Over the 22,260 deaths in 2009:

- Females: 45.1%.
- Peak month: January (10.0%).
- Peak Mohafazat: Mount-Lebanon (23.7%).



## Vital statistics – Marriages and divorces

Over the 40,565 marriages: August (11.0%) is the peak month and in North-Lebanon (24.9%) is the peak Mohafazat.

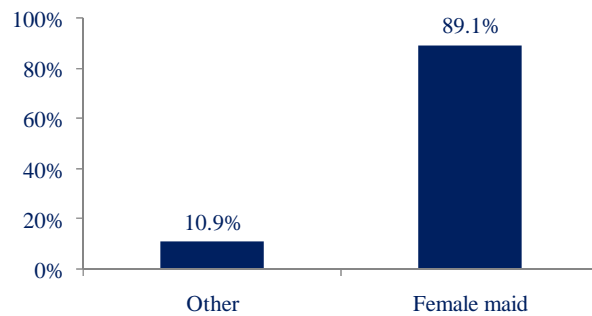
Over the 5,957 divorces: October is the peak month (10.4%) and in North-Lebanon is the peak Mohafazat (20.6%).

## Work permits given for the first time in Lebanon

Over the 45,619 work permits delivered for the first time to foreigners in 2009 by the Ministry of Labor:

- Peak month: July (10.5%).
- Peak profession: female maid (89.1%).
- Peak geographic group distribution: Asia excluding Arab countries (66.1%).
- Peak country in Asia excluding Arab countries: Bangladesh (36.6%).
- Peak country on an international scale: Bangladesh (24.2%).

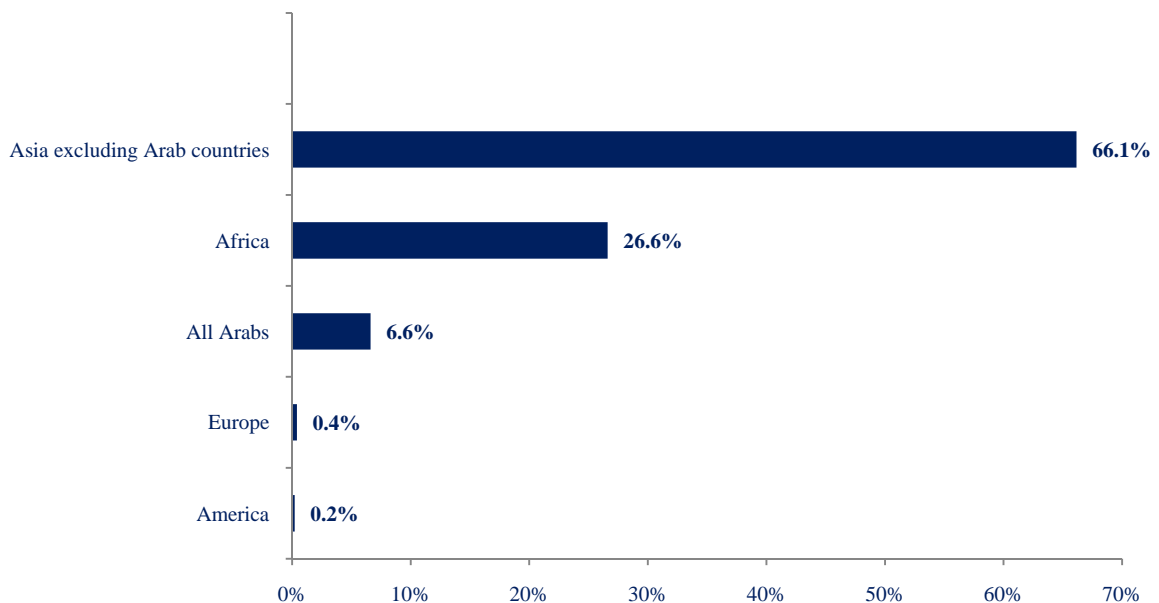
**Graph 1.3 – Given work permits for the first time by profession. % in 2009**



*Graph made by CAS based on Ministry of Labor data (2009)*

*Other (10.9%) includes mainly male cleaner (3.3%), carrier (2.2%), farmer (2.0%), miscellaneous (1.5%), employees (0.9%), male maid (0.5%), baker (0.1%), female cleaner (0.1%), employer (0.1%), and manager (0.1%).*

**Graph 1.4 – Given work permits for the first time by geographic groups. % in 2009**



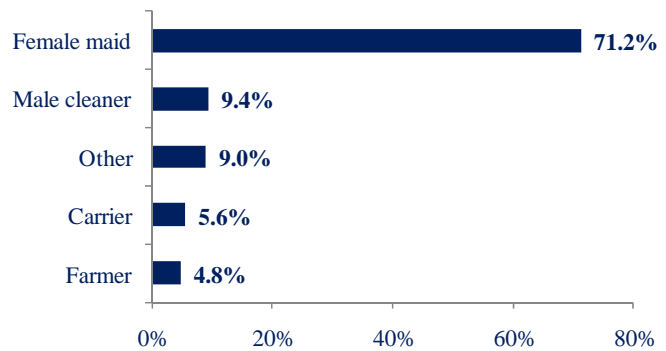
*Graph made by CAS based on Ministry of Labor data (2009)*

## Renewed work permits in Lebanon

Over the 100,065 renewed work permits to foreigners by the Ministry of Labor in 2009:

- Peak month: May (10.2%).
- Peak profession: female servants (71.2%).
- Peak geographic group distribution: Asia excluding Arab countries (48.0%).
- Peak country in Asia excluding Arab countries: Philippines (33.9%).
- Peak country on an international scale: Ethiopia (29.3%).

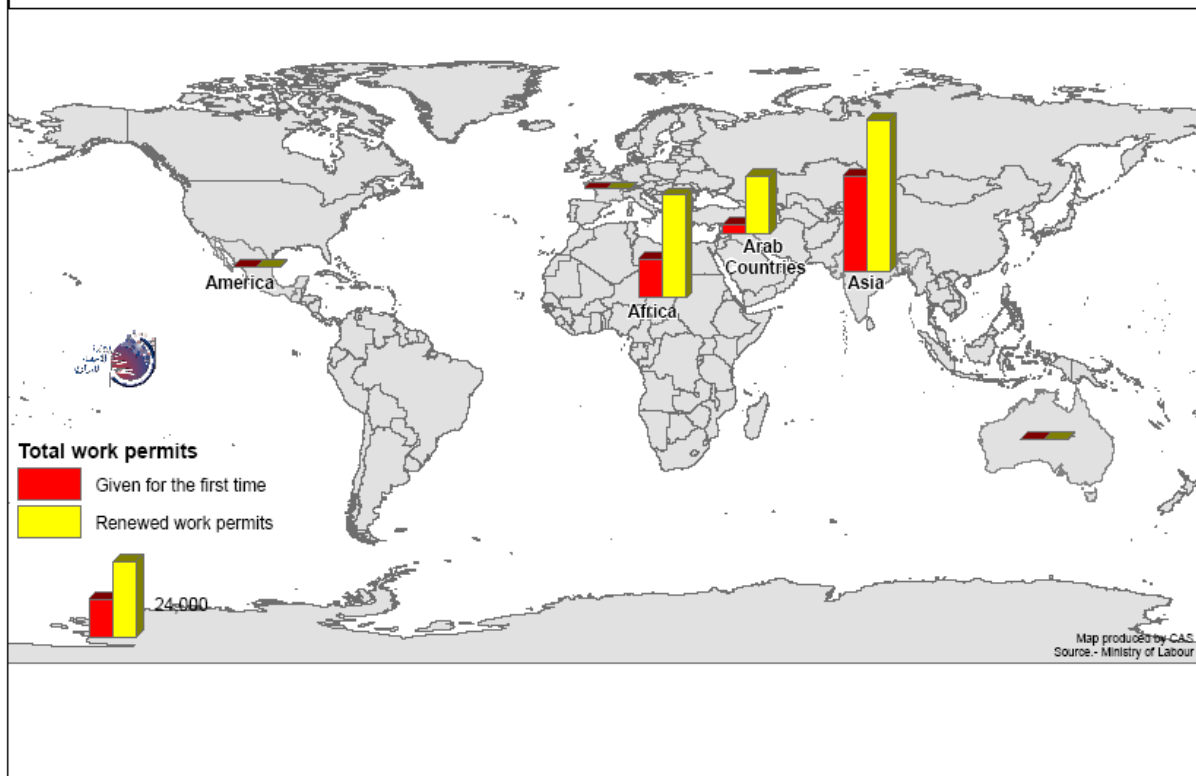
Graph 1.5 – Renewed work permits by profession. % in 2009



Graph made by CAS based on Ministry of Labor data (2009)

**Other (9.0%) includes mainly miscellaneous (4.8%), male maid (2.8%), baker (0.4%), construction worker (0.3%), female cleaner (0.3%), tiller (0.2%), employer (0.1%), and manager (0.1%).**

## Work Permits by Continent



## Prisoners and detained people in Lebanese prisons in 2008 and in 2009

There are 15,463 prisoners in 2009, with a decrease of 3.9% compared to 2008. As for the number of prisoners in the Central Prison, 5,836 were in and 6,183 were out during 2008. While 7,592 were in and 7,050 were out in 2009.

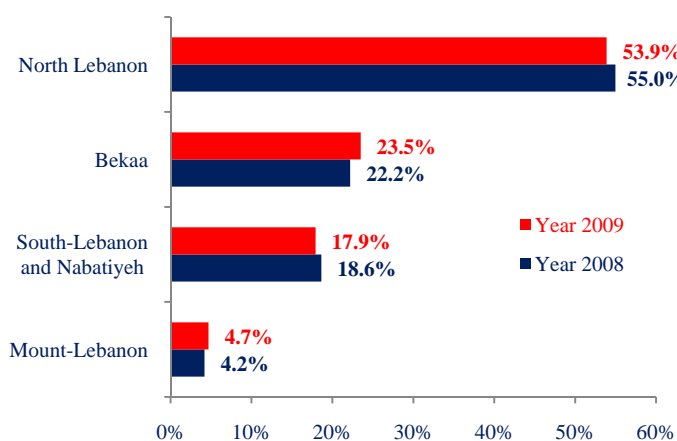
**Table 1.1 – Prisoners in Lebanon. Number in 2008-2009**

Prisons	Year 2008		Year 2009	
	Prisoners. Number	Prisoners. %	Prisoners. Number	Prisoners. %
North-Lebanon	8,857	55.0	8,334	53.9
Bekaa	3,577	22.2	3,633	23.5
South-Lebanon and Nabatieh	3,003	18.6	2,770	17.9
Mount-Lebanon	675	4.2	726	4.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>16,112</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>15,463</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Table made by CAS based on the General Directorate of Interior Security Forces data (2008 and 2009)

This table excludes the prisoners of Central prison

**Graph 1.6 – % of prisoners in Lebanon in 2008 and in 2009**



Graph made by CAS based on the General Directorate of Interior Security Forces data (2008 and 2009)

The prisons of North-Lebanon gather the highest number of prisoners in Lebanon with a percentage of 55.0% of total prisoners in 2008 and of 53.9% in 2009.

**Number of Prisoners per Mohafazat**

